

Package ‘CSGo’

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Title Collecting Counter Strike Global Offensive Data

Version 0.6.7

Description An implementation of calls designed to collect and organize in an easy way the data from the Steam API specifically for the Counter-Strike Global Offensive Game (CS Go) <https://developer.valvesoftware.com/wiki/Steam_Web_API>.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

URL <https://github.com/adsoncostanzifilho/CSGo>

BugReports <https://github.com/adsoncostanzifilho/CSGo/issues>

Imports fuzzyjoin, purrr, httr, stringr, jsonlite, magrittr, dplyr, extrafont, ggplot2, future, furr

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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csgo_api_ach	<i>CS Go Achievements</i>
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Description

This function will return all the CS Go Achievements of the user_id (input).

Usage

```
csgo_api_ach(api_key, user_id)
```

Arguments

api_key	string with the key provided by the steam API. PS: If you don't have a API key yet run vignette("auth", package = "CSGo") and follow the presented steps.
user_id	string with the steam user ID. Steam ID is the NUMBER OR NAME at the end of your steam profile URL. ex: '76561198263364899'. PS: The user should have a public status.

Value

data frame with all the CS Go achievements of the user ID.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## It is necessary to fill the "api_key" parameter to run the example

df_ach <- csgo_api_ach(api_key = 'XXX', user_id = '76561198263364899')

## End(Not run)
```

csgo_api_friend	<i>CS Go Friends</i>
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Description

This function will return all the CS Go friends of the user_id (input).

Usage

```
csgo_api_friend(api_key, user_id)
```

Arguments

api_key	string with the key provided by the steam API. PS: If you don't have a API key yet run vignette("auth", package = "CSGo") and follow the presented steps.
user_id	string with the steam user ID. Steam ID is the NUMBER OR NAME at the end of your steam profile URL. ex: '76561198263364899'. PS: The user should have a public status.

Value

data frame with all the CS Go friends of the user ID.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## It is necessary to fill the "api_key" parameter to run the example  
  
df_friend <- csgo_api_friend(api_key = 'XXX', user_id = '76561198263364899')  
  
## End(Not run)
```

csgo_api_profile	<i>CS Go User Profile</i>
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Description

This function will return the CS Go Profile of the user_id (input).

Usage

```
csgo_api_profile(api_key, user_id, name = FALSE)
```

Arguments

api_key	string with the key provided by the steam API. PS: If you don't have a API key yet run vignette("auth", package = "CSGo") and follow the presented steps.
user_id	string OR list with the steam user ID. Steam ID is the NUMBER OR NAME at the end of your steam profile URL. ex: '76561198263364899'. PS: The user should have a public status.
name	logical: if the user_id input is a name change it for TRUE. ex: 'kevinarndt'. PS: The query by name DOES NOT ALLOW a list of user_id.

Value

data frame with all the CS Go friends of the user ID.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## It is necessary to fill the "api_key" parameter to run the example

df_profile <- csgo_api_profile(api_key = 'XXX', user_id = '76561198263364899')

df_profile <- csgo_api_profile(
  api_key = 'XXX',
  user_id = list('76561198263364899', '76561197996007619')
)

df_profile <- csgo_api_profile(api_key = 'XXX', user_id = 'kevinarndt', name = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

csgo_api_stats

CS Go Statistics

Description

This function will return all the CS Go Statistics of the user_id (input).

Usage

```
csgo_api_stats(api_key, user_id)
```

Arguments

api_key	string with the key provided by the steam API. PS: If you don't have a API key yet run vignette("auth", package = "CSGo") and follow the presented steps.
user_id	string with the steam user ID. Steam ID is the NUMBER OR NAME at the end of your steam profile URL. ex: '76561198263364899'. PS: The user should have a public status.

Value

data frame with all the CS Go statistics of the user ID.

Examples

```
## Not run:
## It is necessary to fill the "api_key" parameter to run the example

df_stats <- csgo_api_stats(api_key = 'XXX', user_id = '76561198263364899')

## End(Not run)
```

get_stats_friends	<i>Get the Friends Statistics</i>
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Description

This function will return the complete CS Go Statistics for all public friends of the user_id (input).

Usage

```
get_stats_friends(api_key, user_id, n_return = "all")
```

Arguments

api_key	string with the key provided by the steam API. PS: If you don't have a API key yet run vignette("auth", package = "CSGo") and follow the presented steps.
user_id	string with the steam user ID. Steam ID is the NUMBER OR NAME at the end of your steam profile URL. ex: '76561198263364899'. PS: The user should have a public status.
n_return	numeric indicating the number of friends to return, to return all use n_return = "all" (the default is "all").

Value

a list of two data frames

friends_stats: data frame with all the CS Go statistics of all public friends of the user ID.

friends: data frame with all the CS Go friends of the user ID (public and non public).

Examples

```
## Not run:
## It is necessary to fill the "api_key" parameter to run the example

# set the "plan" to collect the data in parallel!!!!
future::plan(future::multisession, workers = parallel::detectCores())

fr_list <- get_stats_friends(api_key = 'XXX', user_id = '76561198263364899')
fr_list$friends_stats
fr_list$friends

## End(Not run)
```

get_stats_user

Get the User Statistics

Description

This function will return the complete CS Go Statistics of the user_id (input).

Usage

```
get_stats_user(api_key, user_id)
```

Arguments

api_key	string with the key provided by the steam API. PS: If you don't have a API key yet run vignette("auth", package = "CSGo") and follow the presented steps.
user_id	string with the steam user ID. Steam ID is the NUMBER OR NAME at the end of your steam profile URL. ex: '76561198263364899'. PS: The user should have a public status.

Details

Similar to the csgo_api_stats function but it will return a clean data frame with category and description of each statistic.

Value

data frame with all the CS Go statistics (divided in categories and subcategories) of the user ID.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## It is necessary to fill the "api_key" parameter to run the example  
  
df <- get_stats_user(api_key = 'XXX', user_id = '76561198263364899')  
  
## End(Not run)
```

map_pictures	<i>Maps Images</i>
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Description

A dataset containing the pictures of each map.

Usage

```
map_pictures
```

Format

A data frame with 34 rows and 2 variables:

map_name Name of the map.

map_photo The image address. ...

Source

Created by the author.

scale_color_csgo	<i>CSGo color palette - color</i>
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Description

A color palette (color) to be used with ggplot2

Usage

```
scale_color_csgo(discrete = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

discrete	logical: if TRUE it will generate a discrete pallet otherwise a continuous palette
...	all available options of the discrete_scale function or scale_color_gradientn both from ggplot2

Value

scale_color object

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(CSGo)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(showtext)

## Loading Google fonts (https://fonts.google.com/)
font_add_google("Quantico", "quantico")

df %>%
  top_n(n = 10, wt = kills) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = name_match, size = shots)) +
  geom_point(aes(y = kills_efficiency, color = "Kills Efficiency")) +
  geom_point(aes(y = hits_efficiency, color = "Hits Efficiency")) +
  geom_point(aes(y = hits_to_kill, color = "Hits to Kill")) +
  ggtitle("Weapon Efficiency") +
  ylab("Efficiency (%)") +
  xlab("") +
  labs(color = "Efficiency Type", size = "Shots") +
  theme_csgo(
    text = element_text(family = "quantico"),
    panel.grid.major.x = element_line(size = .1, color = "black", linetype = 2)
  ) +
  scale_color_csgo()

## End(Not run)
```

scale_fill_csgo

CSGo color palette - fill

Description

A color palette (fill) to be used with ggplot2

Usage

```
scale_fill_csgo(discrete = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

discrete	logical: if TRUE it will generate a discrete pallet otherwise a continuous palette
...	all available options of the discrete_scale function or scale_fill_gradientn both from ggplot2

Value

scale_color object

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(CSGo)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(showtext)

## Loading Google fonts (https://fonts.google.com/)
font_add_google("Quantico", "quantico")

df %>%
  top_n(n = 10, wt = value) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = name_match, y = value, fill = name_match)) +
  geom_col() +
  ggtitle("KILLS BY WEAPON") +
  ylab("Number of Kills") +
  xlab("") +
  labs(fill = "Weapon Name") +
  theme_csgo(text = element_text(family = "quantico")) +
  scale_fill_csgo()

## End(Not run)
```

support

Categories and Descriptions of the Statistics Data

Description

A dataset containing the categories, descriptions and types of the statistics data pulled from the `csgo_api_stats`.

Usage

support

Format

A data frame with 133 rows and 4 variables:

name_match Name to match with the name statistics data.

category Category name of the statistic.

desc Statistic description.

type Statistic type. ...

Source

Created by the author.

theme_csgo

CSGo theme

Description

A CSGo theme to be used with ggplot2

Usage

```
theme_csgo(...)
```

Arguments

... all available options of the theme function from ggplot2

Value

theme object

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(CSGo)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(showtext)

## Loading Google fonts (https://fonts.google.com/)
font_add_google("Quantico", "quantico")

df %>%
  top_n(n = 10, wt = value) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = name_match, y = value, fill = name_match)) +
  geom_col() +
  ggtitle("KILLS BY WEAPON") +
  ylab("Number of Kills") +
  xlab("") +
  labs(fill = "Weapon Name") +
  theme_csgo(text = element_text(family = "quantico"))

## End(Not run)
```

weapon_pictures	<i>Weapon Images</i>
-----------------	----------------------

Description

A dataset containing the pictures of each map.

Usage

weapon_pictures

Format

A data frame with 34 rows and 2 variables:

weapon_name Name of the weapon.

weapon_photo The image address. ...

Source

Created by the author.

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