

Package ‘dress.graph’

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Type Package

Title DRESS - A Continuous Framework for Structural Graph Refinement

Version 0.6.2

Description DRESS is a deterministic, parameter-free framework that iteratively refines the structural similarity of edges in a graph to produce a canonical fingerprint: a real-valued edge vector, obtained by converging a non-linear dynamical system to its unique fixed point. The fingerprint is isomorphism-invariant by construction, guaranteed bitwise-equal across any vertex labeling, numerically stable (no overflow, no error amplification, no undefined behavior), fast and embarrassingly parallel to compute:
DRESS total runtime is $O(I * m * d_{\max})$ for I iterations to convergence, and convergence is guaranteed by Birkhoff contraction.

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URL <https://github.com/velicast/dress-graph>,
<https://velicast.github.io/dress-graph/>

BugReports <https://github.com/velicast/dress-graph/issues>

Encoding UTF-8

NeedsCompilation yes

SystemRequirements OpenMP, CUDA Toolkit (optional, for GPU acceleration)

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cuda	<i>CUDA-accelerated DRESS functions.</i>
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Description

An environment containing GPU-accelerated versions of `dress_fit` and `delta_dress_fit` with identical signatures. Switch from CPU to GPU by prefixing calls with `cuda$`.

Details

The `cuda` environment provides:

`cuda$dress_fit(...)` GPU-accelerated `dress_fit`. Same arguments and return value.

`cuda$delta_dress_fit(...)` GPU-accelerated `delta_dress_fit`. Same arguments and return value.

CUDA support requires rebuilding the package with `DRESS_CUDA=1`. If CUDA is not available, calling either function raises an error.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# CPU
r1 <- dress_fit(4L, c(0L,1L,2L,2L), c(1L,2L,0L,3L))

# CUDA -- same signature
r2 <- cuda$dress_fit(4L, c(0L,1L,2L,2L), c(1L,2L,0L,3L))

## End(Not run)
```

delta_dress_fit	<i>Compute the Delta-k-DRESS Histogram</i>
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Description

Compute the Δ^k -DRESS histogram by exhaustively removing all k -vertex subsets and measuring the change in edge similarity values. The result is a fixed-size histogram of edge DRESS values pooled across all $\binom{N}{k}$ subgraphs.

Usage

```
delta_dress_fit(n_vertices, sources, targets, weights = NULL, k = 0L,
               variant = DRESS_UNDIRECTED, max_iterations = 100L,
               epsilon = 1e-6, precompute = FALSE,
               keep_multisets = FALSE, offset = 0L, stride = 1L)
```

Arguments

<code>n_vertices</code>	Integer. Number of vertices (vertex ids must be in $0 \dots n_vertices - 1$).
<code>sources</code>	Integer vector of length E – edge source endpoints (0-based).
<code>targets</code>	Integer vector of length E – edge target endpoints (0-based).
<code>weights</code>	Numeric vector of length E – edge weights, or NULL for unweighted (all ones). Default NULL.
<code>k</code>	Integer. Number of vertices to remove per subset ($0 =$ original graph, default 0).
<code>variant</code>	Graph variant (default <code>DRESS_UNDIRECTED</code>). One of <code>DRESS_UNDIRECTED</code> (0), <code>DRESS_DIRECTED</code> (1), <code>DRESS_FORWARD</code> (2), <code>DRESS_BACKWARD</code> (3).
<code>max_iterations</code>	Maximum number of fitting iterations per subgraph (default 100).
<code>epsilon</code>	Convergence threshold and histogram bin width (default $1e-6$).
<code>precompute</code>	Logical. Pre-compute common-neighbor intercept index for faster iteration at the cost of more memory (default <code>FALSE</code>).
<code>keep_multisets</code>	Logical. If <code>TRUE</code> , return per-subgraph edge DRESS values in a $C(N,k) \times E$ matrix (NaN for removed edges). Default <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>offset</code>	Integer. Start index for stride-based subgraph selection (0-based). Used for distributing work across MPI ranks. Default $0L$.
<code>stride</code>	Integer. Step size for stride-based subgraph selection (must be ≥ 1). Only subgraphs where <code>index %% stride == offset</code> are processed. Default $1L$ (process all subgraphs).

Value

A list with components:

<code>histogram</code>	Numeric vector – bin counts of edge DRESS values pooled across all subgraphs.
<code>hist_size</code>	Integer – number of bins ($\text{floor}(d_{\text{max}}/\text{epsilon}) + 1$; $d_{\text{max}} = 2$ unweighted).
<code>multisets</code>	Matrix ($C(N,k) \times E$) of per-subgraph edge DRESS values (only present when <code>keep_multisets = TRUE</code> ; NaN = removed edge).
<code>num_subgraphs</code>	Integer – $C(N,k)$ (only present when <code>keep_multisets = TRUE</code>).

See Also

[dress_fit](#) for the standard DRESS computation.

Examples

```
# Triangle K3, delta-1: remove 1 vertex at a time
res <- delta_dress_fit(3L, c(0L, 1L, 2L), c(1L, 2L, 0L), k = 1L)
res$hist_size

# K4, delta-0 (original graph)
res0 <- delta_dress_fit(4L, c(0L,0L,0L,1L,1L,2L), c(1L,2L,3L,2L,3L,3L))
sum(res0$histogram) # 6 edge values
```

DRESS

*Persistent DRESS Graph Object***Description**

Create a persistent DRESS graph that stays alive across multiple `fit / get` (virtual-edge query) calls without rebuilding the graph each time.

Usage

```
DRESS(n_vertices, sources, targets, weights = NULL,
      variant = DRESS_UNDIRECTED,
      precompute_intercepts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>n_vertices</code>	Integer. Number of vertices (vertex ids must be in $0 \dots n_vertices - 1$).
<code>sources</code>	Integer vector of length E – edge source endpoints (0-based).
<code>targets</code>	Integer vector of length E – edge target endpoints (0-based).
<code>weights</code>	Optional numeric vector of length E – per-edge weights. <code>NULL</code> (default) gives every edge weight 1.
<code>variant</code>	Graph variant (default <code>DRESS_UNDIRECTED</code>). One of <code>DRESS_UNDIRECTED</code> (0), <code>DRESS_DIRECTED</code> (1), <code>DRESS_FORWARD</code> (2), <code>DRESS_BACKWARD</code> (3).
<code>precompute_intercepts</code>	Logical. Pre-compute common-neighbor index for faster iteration at the cost of more memory (default <code>FALSE</code>).

Value

An environment of class "DRESS" with the following methods:

```
$fit(max_iterations = 100L, epsilon = 1e-6)
  Run iterative fitting. Returns a list with iterations and delta.
$get(u, v, max_iterations = 100L, epsilon = 1e-6, edge_weight = 1.0)
  Query the DRESS value for an existing or virtual edge between vertices u and v.
```

`$result()` Extract current results as a list with sources, targets, edge_dress, edge_weight, and node_dress.

`$close()` Explicitly free the underlying C graph. Called automatically by the garbage collector if not invoked manually.

References

E. Castrillo, E. Leon, J. Gomez. Dynamic Structural Similarity on Graphs. arXiv:1805.01419, 2018.

Examples

```
g <- DRESS(4L, c(0L,1L,2L,2L), c(1L,2L,0L,3L))
g$fit(100L, 1e-6)
g$get(0L, 3L, 100L, 1e-6, 1.0)
r <- g$result()
g$close()
```

dress_fit

Compute DRESS Edge Similarity on Graphs

Description

Build a DRESS graph from an edge list and run iterative fitting to compute per-edge structural similarity values.

Usage

```
dress_fit(n_vertices, sources, targets, weights = NULL,
          variant = DRESS_UNDIRECTED, max_iterations = 100L,
          epsilon = 1e-6, precompute_intercepts = FALSE)
```

```
dress_version()
```

```
DRESS_UNDIRECTED
DRESS_DIRECTED
DRESS_FORWARD
DRESS_BACKWARD
```

Arguments

`n_vertices` Integer. Number of vertices (vertex ids must be in $0 \dots n_vertices - 1$).

`sources` Integer vector of length E – edge source endpoints (0-based).

`targets` Integer vector of length E – edge target endpoints (0-based).

`weights` Optional numeric vector of length E – per-edge weights. NULL (default) gives every edge weight 1.

variant	Graph variant (default DRESS_UNDIRECTED). One of DRESS_UNDIRECTED (0), DRESS_DIRECTED (1), DRESS_FORWARD (2), DRESS_BACKWARD (3).
max_iterations	Maximum number of fitting iterations (default 100).
epsilon	Convergence threshold – stop when the max per-edge change falls below this value (default 1e-6).
precompute_intercepts	Logical. Pre-compute common-neighbor index for faster iteration at the cost of more memory (default FALSE).

Value

A list with components:

sources	Integer vector [E] – edge source endpoints (0-based).
targets	Integer vector [E] – edge target endpoints (0-based).
edge_dress	Numeric vector [E] – DRESS similarity per edge.
edge_weight	Numeric vector [E] – variant-specific weight.
node_dress	Numeric vector [N] – per-node norm.
iterations	Integer – number of iterations performed.
delta	Numeric – final max per-edge change.

References

E. Castrillo, E. Leon, J. Gomez. Dynamic Structural Similarity on Graphs. arXiv:1805.01419, 2018.

Examples

```
# Triangle + pendant: 0-1, 1-2, 2-0, 2-3
res <- dress_fit(4L, c(0L,1L,2L,2L), c(1L,2L,0L,3L))
res$edge_dress
```

mpi

MPI-distributed DRESS functions.

Description

An environment containing MPI-distributed versions of `delta_dress_fit`. Switch from CPU to MPI by prefixing calls with `mpi$`.

Details

The `mpi` environment provides:

`mpi$delta_dress_fit(...)` MPI-distributed `delta_dress_fit` (CPU backend). Same arguments plus `comm_f`.

`mpi$cuda$delta_dress_fit(...)` MPI-distributed `delta_dress_fit` (CUDA backend). Each rank runs GPU-accelerated DRESS.

MPI support requires rebuilding the package with `DRESS_MPI` (auto-detected when `mpicc` is available).

Examples

```
## Not run:
# CPU
r1 <- delta_dress_fit(4L, c(0L,1L,2L,2L), c(1L,2L,0L,3L), k = 1L)

# MPI -- same signature, distributed
r2 <- mpi$delta_dress_fit(4L, c(0L,1L,2L,2L), c(1L,2L,0L,3L), k = 1L)

# MPI + CUDA
r3 <- mpi$cuda$delta_dress_fit(4L, c(0L,1L,2L,2L), c(1L,2L,0L,3L), k = 1L)

## End(Not run)
```

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