

Package ‘ChaosGame’

July 6, 2025

Type Package

Title Chaos Game

Version 1.5

Description

The main objective of the package is to enter a word of at least two letters based on which an Iterated Function System with Probabilities is constructed, and a two-dimensional fractal containing the chosen word infinitely often is generated via the Chaos Game. Additionally, the package allows to project the two-dimensional fractal on several three-dimensional surfaces and to transform the fractal into another fractal with uniform marginals.

Depends R (≥ 2.10), rgl, colorRamps

Imports ggplot2, gridExtra, plot3D, RColorBrewer,

License GPL-2

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

NeedsCompilation no

Maintainer Lea Maislinger <lea.maislinger@plus.ac.at>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-07-05 23:00:11 UTC

Author Lea Maislinger [aut, cre],
Thimo Kasper [aut],
Florian Griessenberger [aut],
Manuela Schreyer [aut],
Johannes Bartel [aut],
Wolfgang Trutschnig [aut]

Contents

| | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| plot_word | 2 |
| plot_word3D | 3 |
| Index | 6 |

plot_word

Plot the 2D fractal containing the chosen word

Description

The function allows to enter a word of at least two letters based on which an Iterated Function System with Probabilities (IFSP) is constructed. This IFSP is then used to generate a two-dimensional fractal containing the chosen word infinitely often, which is then plotted (and optionally probability-integral-transformed).

Usage

```
plot_word(
  word = "copula",
  R = 20,
  phi = 0,
  copula = FALSE,
  portion = 0.2,
  shift = 1.2,
  orbit = 3000,
  letter_type = 1
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| word | Word which the fractal should contain infinitely often. |
| R | Number of runs of the chaos game. |
| phi | Angle of the rotation. |
| copula | logical. If TRUE the sample is (approximately) probability-integral-transformed. |
| portion | Portion based on which the empirical distribution functions are calculated, if copula = TRUE. |
| shift | Distance between letters. |
| orbit | Number of steps in each run of the chaos game. |
| letter_type | integer, which indicates the type of the letters. Options are 1 (default) or 2 (round letters). |

Examples

```
#Function with word as input, constructs the IFSP and runs the chaos game:

# for nice results use, for example, R = 20 and orbit = 3000
A <- plot_word(word = "copula", R = 50, orbit = 100)
#plot without histograms of the marginal distributions
plot(A, pch = 19, col = 4, cex = 0.1)

# further examples:
```

```

# with round letters
# A <- plot_word(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, letter_type = 2)
# with rotation
# A <- plot_word(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, phi = pi/8)
# A <- plot_word(word = "fractal", R = 100, orbit = 300, phi = pi/6)

# (approximately) probability-integral-transformed
# A <- plot_word(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, phi = pi/8, copula = TRUE)
# A <- plot_word(word = "fractal", R = 100, orbit = 300, phi = pi/6, copula = TRUE)

```

plot_word3D

Plot the 3D fractal containing the chosen word

Description

The function allows to enter a word of at least two letters based on which an Iterated Function System with Probabilities (IFSP) is constructed. This IFSP is then used to generate a two-dimensional fractal containing the chosen word infinitely often, which is then projected onto several three-dimensional surfaces. Optionally, the projection is transformed into another fractal with uniform marginals.

Usage

```

plot_word3D(
  word = "copula",
  R = 20,
  plot.rgl = TRUE,
  copula = TRUE,
  portion = 0.2,
  color.rgl.plot = "green2magenta",
  plot.surface = "Sphere",
  histogram = TRUE,
  shift = 1.2,
  orbit = 3000,
  cex.label = 0.7,
  size.lines = 0.1,
  Theta = 40,
  Phi = 30,
  Box = TRUE,
  projection = TRUE,
  letter_type = 1
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| word | Word which the fractal should contain infinitely often. |
| R | Number of runs of the chaos game. |

| | |
|----------------|---|
| plot.rgl | If plot.rgl = TRUE a rgl-plot is generated. Otherwise a scatter-plot with plot3D is produced. |
| copula | logical. If TRUE the sample is (approximately) probability-integral-transformed. |
| portion | Portion based on which the empirical distribution functions are calculated, if copula = TRUE. |
| color.rgl.plot | Plotting color/color-range for the rgl-plot. One can choose between "gray", "blue2green", "green2red", "blue2yellow", "ygobb", "magenta2green" and "green2magenta". |
| plot.surface | Three-dimensional surface on which the two-dimensional fractal is projected. Options are "Sphere", "Helix", "Torus", "EnneperMinimalSurface" and "CatalanSurface". |
| histogram | It is an option available only under the rgl-plot option (i.e if plot.rgl = TRUE). If histogram = TRUE, two-dimensional and one-dimensional marginal histograms are plotted in the rgl-plot. |
| shift | Distance between letters. |
| orbit | Number of steps in each run of the chaos game. |
| cex.label | Font size, for exporting as a pdf or png file (see examples). |
| size.lines | Line width, for exporting as a pdf or png file (see examples). |
| Theta | Angles defining the viewing direction. Theta gives the azimuthal direction and Phi the colatitude in the scatter-plot (see Package plot3D). Can be chosen only under the scatter-plot option (i.e if plot.rgl = FALSE). |
| Phi | Angles defining the viewing direction. Theta gives the azimuthal direction and Phi the colatitude in the scatter-plot (see Package plot3D). Can be chosen only under the scatter-plot option (i.e if plot.rgl = FALSE). |
| Box | If TRUE, axis, two-dimensional projections (if projection = TRUE) and marginal histograms are plotted. |
| projection | An option available only if Box = TRUE. If projection = TRUE, the two-dimensional projections are plotted together with axis and marginal histograms. |
| letter_type | integer, which indicates the type of the letters. Options are 1 (default) or 2 (round letters). |

Examples

```
# function with a word as input, runs the chaos game,
# calculates the copula transformation and projects the result on a sphere:
# for nice results use, for example, R = 20 and orbit = 3000
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", copula = FALSE, R = 50, orbit = 100)

# further examples:
# projection of the fractal on the Enneper Minimal Surface:
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 75, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE,
#                   plot.surface = "EnneperMinimalSurface", histogram = FALSE)
# same example as before, now with histogram = TRUE
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE,
#                   plot.surface = "EnneperMinimalSurface")
```

```
# same example as before (approximately) probability-integral-transformed (i.e. copula = TRUE)
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = TRUE,
#                  plot.surface = "EnneperMinimalSurface")

# projection of the fractal on a Catalan Surface
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE,
#                  color.rgl.plot = "blue2green", plot.surface = "CatalanSurface")

# projection of the fractal on a Helix
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE,
#                  color.rgl.plot = "green2red", plot.surface = "Helix")

# projection of the fractal on a Torus
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE,
#                  color.rgl.plot = "blue2yellow", plot.surface = "Torus")

# projection of the fractal on a Sphere
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE,
#                  color.rgl.plot = "ygobb", plot.surface = "Sphere")
# Sphere (approximately) probability-integral-transformed (i.e. copula = TRUE)
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = TRUE,
#                  color.rgl.plot = "ygobb", plot.surface = "Sphere")

# scatter-plot with plot3D (i.e. plot.rgl = FALSE) for exporting as a pdf file
# pdf(file = "Sphere.pdf", width = 30, height = 25)
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE, plot.rgl = FALSE,
#                  plot.surface = "Sphere", cex.label = 1.8, size.lines = 0.001)
# dev.off()

#' # scatter-plot with plot3D (i.e. plot.rgl = FALSE) for exporting as a png file
# png(file = "Sphere.png", width = 5000, height = 4000)
# A <- plot_word3D(word = "copula", R = 100, orbit = 300, copula = FALSE, plot.rgl = FALSE,
#                  plot.surface = "Sphere", cex.label = 5, size.lines = 2)
# dev.off()
```

Index

plot_word, [2](#)
plot_word3D, [3](#)